Crabs are crustaceans that live in marine and coastal environments. They have a flat body and a hard shell that protects them from predators.

Their claws are strong and are used for catching food and defending themselves. Crabs walk sideways due to the structure of their articulated legs.

There are various species of crabs, which differ in size and color.

Some live in the open sea, while others prefer coastal areas or salt marshes. Crabs feed on algae, small fish, and organic debris. This makes them important for the marine ecosystem, as they help keep the seabed clean.

QUESTIONS

What feature of crabs helps protect them from predators?

- a) Soft shell
- b) Hard shell
- c) Bright colors
- d) Fast swimming

Why do crabs walk sideways?

- a) To avoid predators
- b) Due to the structure of their articulated legs
- c) Because they have strong claws
- d) To catch food more easily

What do crabs feed on?

- a) Seaweed and plankton
- b) Algae, small fish, and organic debris
- c) Large fish and coral
- d) Plants and insects



Turtles are reptiles that live in various environments, including oceans, rivers, and forests. They have a hard shell that protects them from predators. Turtles can retract their head, legs, and tail into their shell for safety. There are different species of turtles, and they vary in size and color. Some turtles are small, while others, like sea turtles, can be very large. Turtles are slow-moving creatures. They use their strong legs to walk on land and their flippers to swim in water. Most turtles are herbivores, eating plants, fruits, and vegetables. However, some species are omnivores and also eat insects and small animals.

QUESTIONS

Where can turtles live?

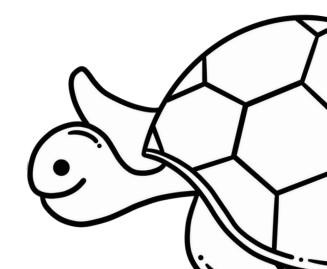
- a) Deserts
- b) Various environments including oceans, rivers, and forests
- c) Mountains

What can turtles retract into their shell for safety?

- a) Head, legs, and tail
- b) Only their head
- c) Only their legs

What do most turtles eat?

- a) Meat and fish
- b) Plants, fruits, and vegetables
- c) Rocks and soil



Sharks are large fish that live in oceans around the world. They have a streamlined body and powerful fins, which help them swim quickly. Sharks come in various sizes and shapes, and they have many types of teeth, depending on their diet. Some sharks eat small fish and squid, while others, like the great white shark, hunt larger prey such as seals and dolphins. Sharks are known for their keen sense of smell, which helps them detect food from a distance. They also have sharp, serrated teeth that can cut through flesh easily. Most sharks are solitary hunters, but some species travel in groups. Sharks play an important role in marine ecosystems by helping to control the population of other fish and maintaining the balance of the ocean environment.

QUESTIONS

Where do sharks live?

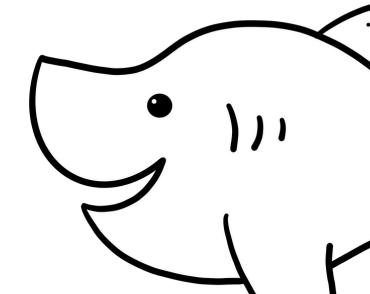
- a) In rivers
- b) In oceans around the world
- c) In lakes

What do some sharks, like the great white shark, hunt?

- a) Small fish and squid
- b) Large prey such as seals and dolphins
- c) Plants and algae

How do sharks detect food from a distance?

- a) With their sharp teeth
- b) With their keen sense of smell
- c) With their powerful fins



Shells are the hard, protective coverings of marine animals called mollusks. They come in many shapes, sizes, and colors, and they are found on beaches and in oceans worldwide. Shells protect the soft body of the mollusk from predators and environmental damage.

Some common types of shells include clams, snails, and sea urchins. People collect shells as souvenirs or for decoration. Shells are also used in jewelry and art. Each shell has unique patterns and textures that make it special. Over time, shells can become worn and smooth due to the action of the sea.

QUESTIONS

What do shells protect?

- a) The water
- b) The soft body of the mollusk
- c) The sand

Where are shells commonly found?

- a) In deserts
- b) On beaches and in oceans
- c) In forests

How do people often use shells?

- a) For food
- b) As souvenirs or for decoration
- c) For building houses

